

Miller & Rhoads

Mail Orders Filled at Advertised Prices.

713 Wash Dresses, Suits and Skirts

One Half and Less The Original Prices

An Extraordinary Clearing Sale for Friday.

Our entire stock of Spring, Summer and Early Fall Ready-to-Wear Garments will be placed on sale this morning at prices that are in most cases less than half the original figures.

One deep final cut has been made for a quick clearance. Read the list! Even if your immediate wants are supplied the quality and prices should induce you to lay in a supply.

Washable Dresses,

94 Lawn Dresses, in dots & stripes, on white grounds, trimmed with lace, bought to sell at \$2.50; now..... **98c**

52 Dresses, in Linen, Lawn & Gingham, several styles, bought to sell from \$4.85 to \$6.50; now..... **\$2.89**

30 Dresses, in Lawn and Gingham—a choice of 25 styles; bought to sell from \$7.00 to \$10; now..... **\$4.49**

Washable Skirts.

81 Washable Skirts, in white and black & white stripes; also black with white polka dots; were \$1.00, now..... **59c**

60 White Skirts, just the right cut to laundry well; bought to sell at \$1.50 to \$1.75; now..... **98c**

110 White Lawn Dress Skirts, full cut, good quality; made to sell for \$2.25; special..... **\$1.29**

Other Washable Skirts reduced accordingly.

Wash Jumper Dresses

83 Lawn Jumper Dresses, in several patterns, of colored stripes, dots & checks; bought to sell at \$1.50; special to-day..... **59c**

40 Percale Jumper Dresses, in blue, black & red figures, on white grounds. Bought to sell at \$2.00; now..... **75c**

88 Jumper Dresses, in colored dots, stripes & figures, trimmed with embroidery; bought to sell at \$3.50; now..... **\$1.29**

One lot of Jumper Dresses in Lawns, Gingham & pure Linens; original prices, \$5.00 to \$6.50; now..... **\$2.89**

Washable Suits.

25 Misses' & Women's Washable Suits, (Coat & Skirt); formerly \$6.00 to \$8.50; now..... **\$2.98**

50 Suits—only one or two of a kind; former prices, \$10 to \$14.50; on sale to-day..... **\$4.98**

SHOT CONSTABLE THEN RAN AWAY

Henrico in Uproar Over Attack on Officer Temple by Charlie Deane.

WOUNDS NOT DANGEROUS

Temple Returned Fire, but Missed, Then Drove Home for Medical Treatment.

Just as he was preparing to serve a warrant on Charlie Deane yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock, Constable D. L. Temple, of Henrico county, was fired upon by the man he was about to take to jail, and literally covered with shot from his ankles to his waist. As he fell to the ground, Temple drew his pistol and fired three times, but, owing to the fact that he was suffering greatly from the wounds, and the fact that Deane was running, none of the bullets took effect. The wounded constable was put back in his buggy by the father and brother of Deane, and drove himself to his home, where he telephoned the sheriff's office and summoned medical aid.

Excitement at Courthouse. Excitement at the courthouse was intense. The message was received there shortly after 2 o'clock, when every available officer was out on some other call. By dint of hard and quick work Deputy Sheriff Snyder got to the courthouse, and found that Constable Temple, who, it was said, had been shot, was in the hospital, and was in a serious danger unless blood poison sets in. He will be operated on to-day.

The men had hardly left, however, when news came to the jail that Deane had surrendered to Special Policeman W. M. Temple, who carried him to the jail. Temple, though suffering greatly last night, was not thought to be in serious danger unless blood poison sets in. He will be operated on to-day.

According to Temple's statement, he drove up to Deane's residence to serve the warrant, and found that there would be resistance, and therefore made no preparation to defend himself, although he was armed. When he was about to step out of the buggy, Deane, he alleges, came into the yard with a single shot, and, warning him to come no further.

Run After Shooting Him. "You have come here to arrest me," said Deane, according to Temple's statement. "Stop and don't come any further, for you nor any other man will take me out of this place. You better have to kill me before you take me." With this he is said to have raised his gun in a position to fire.

The constable, still thinking that there was really no danger, started to get out of his buggy, and as he reached the ground and faced Deane, the latter fired and began to run. Temple, though thrown to his knees by the shock, drew his pistol and fired three times before Deane gained cover behind the house. All of Temple's shots failed to reach the man.

Deane was seen by his father and his brother, W. C. Deane, who were both at home, to run behind the house and into the cornfield, where he reloaded his gun. It was then that his father, brother, fearing that he would return and seek revenge, followed him and placed the wounded man in his buggy. Not knowing how dangerously he was hurt, he drove as fast as possible to his home, four miles distant, where he telephoned to the jail and for a physician.

Deputy Sheriff Traylor, who was not in touch with the jail at that time, could not be found. In his absence Officer Lyman Beck and Special Policeman G. W. Moughan were sent to Temple's residence, not knowing the exact nature of the case. They found him in what they thought was a critical condition, and telephoned to the jail for other officers. In the meantime Mr. Traylor had heard of the shooting and met the posse near there, having driven the three miles from his home in less than ten minutes. They were informed at the residence of Frank Steinback, who lives near the Deanes, that he had given himself a wound and was on his way to the jail.

What Constable Says. Mr. Temple gave the following statement yesterday afternoon: "I anticipated no trouble until Mr. Deane threatened my life, but having a warrant for his arrest, issued by Magistrate P. M. Blinford, I was forced to undertake the discharge of my duty. When I was going out of my buggy Deane fired at me, shooting my legs from under me. The shock and the fact that he was running swiftly from me prevented any of the three shots that I fired from taking effect." This statement was given by Deane himself after he was placed in jail.

Deane said that he was not drunk, that he shot on the impulse of the moment because he was mad that his brother and father had sworn out a warrant against him. The row, he said, occurred because his father beat some fox hounds belonging to him yesterday morning. The older Deane, he stated, had said that both he and the dogs would have to go away, and that he refused to leave as long as his mother was living. He denies having threatened his father's life. Deane seems to be a little more than thirty years old, and is a widower. He has no children. In jail last night he was very nervous and sorry that he had let his temper get the best of him. A warrant charging him with shooting Temple was served on him last night, and he is being held without bail.

Temple was attended by Dr. B. L. Tallaferro, of this city, who drew a wound on his leg, and the shot before this morning. They seem to be about No. 4 in size, and it looks as if every one in the gun entered his body.

Barn Destroyed by Fire. Henry A. Williams, of 102 West Grace Street, returned yesterday from his farm in Gloucester county. Several days ago his barn had contents were destroyed by fire. Mr. Williams estimates the damage at \$2,000. His wheat crop and part of last season's corn crop was burned. The loss was partially covered by insurance.

Improvement of James River. The committee on improvement of James River has been called to meet to-day at noon in the office of J. B. Blain & Company to pass on bills and pay-rolls.

CREDITORS WIN CASE ON APPEAL

Supreme Court Reverses Judge Grinnan in Trigg Company Litigation.

HAWES & CO. PLAINTIFFS

Suit Involves Ownership of Vessels Built at Shipyards in Richmond.

In an opinion written by Judge James Keith, of the Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals, and handed down by that body yesterday at Staunton, Judge Grinnan, of the Chancery Court of the city of Richmond, is reversed in the case of S. H. Hawes & Company against the William R. Trigg Shipbuilding Company. Judges Harrison and Buchanan dissenting as to one branch of the case. The litigation, which follows the receivership and winding up of the affairs of the Trigg Shipbuilding Company, is understood here to be a victory for Richmond creditors who have supply and other liens at the time of the appointment of receivers. The case involves the ownership of the various vessels in course of construction at the yards at the time the receivership was applied for by S. H. Hawes & Company and other creditors, and on which partial payments had been made. When receivers were named by the Chancery Court in December, 1902, the William R. Trigg Shipbuilding Company was under contract with the United States government for the construction of the Galathea, an auxiliary cruiser, then on the ways and partially completed; the Mohawk, a revenue cutter, and the Bengard, a sea-going tug. The shipbuilding company was also under contract with the Standard Oil Company for an oil-tank steamer, known as the Lucas, and for the Pennsylvania Railroad company was building three sea-going tugs.

Ownership of Vessels. One of the first questions which confronted the receivers was the ownership of these vessels. The government and the corporations had made certain payments as the work progressed, and claimed that the vessels and the supplies purchased for their completion belonged to them, whether completed or not. The creditors of the Trigg Company, however, contended that the vessels were the property of the Trigg Company, and were therefore subject to their prior claims. The United States government came forward and took possession of the incomplete vessels being built for it, holding stipulations to abide by the decision of the court as to the ownership. In fact, an injunction was issued by Judge Grinnan, of the Chancery Court, prohibiting officials of the government from interfering with or molesting the creditors of the Trigg Company, and the government had contracted for pending settlement of the litigation, unless stipulations were filed pledging the government to abide by the final outcome as to the ownership. For a time there appeared every prospect of a compromise between the State and Federal authorities.

The vessels under construction for private corporations were sold under order of the court, and the contest has since been confined to the proceeds derived from that sale.

Chancery Court Decision. The case was argued at length before Judge Grinnan, in the Chancery Court, the judge holding that as between the government and other claimants for the vessels and the supplies, the vessels and the supplies belonged to the government and the parties for whom they were in course of construction.

It was from that decision that an appeal was taken on the part of the creditors, the suit standing in the name of S. H. Hawes & Co. and others, as did the original action for a receivership. The Galveston, in its incomplete condition, was valued at approximately \$1,000,000. The other vessels and materials were valued at approximately \$500,000 in the aggregate. From the decision rendered at Staunton yesterday it appears that the claims of the government, the Standard Oil Company and the Pennsylvania Railroad are subject to the claims of the supply lien creditors.

Assignments to Bank. Among other issues presented in the case for the decision of the Court of Appeals was the validity of certain assignments made by the Trigg Company in favor of the First National Bank, of this city. The Chancery Court held that the assignments were invalid, as being in violation of the Federal statute prohibiting the assignment of claims against the government. In this decision the bank appealed, and the Court of Appeals sustains the contention of the bank, upholding the validity of the assignments.

Salvation Army Service. Special open-air services are being held nightly this week by the Salvation Army, at the North and Broad Streets. Major M. E. Barter is addressing the meetings, assisted by a singing brigade composed of Mrs. Goodland, of Washington. A large and attentive crowd attended the meeting last night.

No cooking, no bother, No worry—

Post Toasties

Are always ready To serve from the pkg. With cream and sugar, And sometimes fruit. A dish which delights Company and home folks. Made of white corn, Flaked and toasted. "The Memory Lingers" Pkgs, 10 & 15 cts. At grocers.

FALL REEFERS FOR GIRLS and BOYS—

FIRST DISPLAY OF THE SEASON—Red—Blue—and all novelty effects—ALL TAILORED BY MEN in the GANS-RADY exceptional way—

GANS-RADY COMPANY

SOLDIER'S WIDOW GETS NEWS AFTER 46 YEARS

TEAM DEPENDS ON SOUTHPAW PETERS

President of City Council Slated for Box Work in Game With Baltimore.

Big black letter posters all over the city are announcing the great diamond contest next Monday between the City Councils of Baltimore and Richmond. Two Councilmen yesterday personally sold 100 tickets each. The game will attract a tremendous and record-breaking crowd, because it will not only be a classic in humorously spectacular performance, but will also be an exhibition of amateur ball that will live in the fan annals of the city of Powhatan.

Captain Ratcliffe yesterday afternoon announced the following line-up for the game: E. D. Richardson, first base; A. S. Buford, Jr., second base; John A. Cutchins, shortstop; C. L. Watkins, third base; George W. Rogers, right field; H. W. Melton, center field; J. C. Powers, left field; J. T. Powers, pitcher; R. L. Peters, pitcher; C. W. Ratcliffe, catcher. Substitutes: W. H. Boschen, H. R. Pollard, Jr., Gilbert Pollock and J. B. Bille.

Such care was exercised in the selection of the team, and it is a fast aggregation, being especially effective in the battery. Vigorous practice will be insisted on, and by Monday the nine will be in tip-top trim. There was a good practice yesterday, despite the rain, and there will be fast practices this afternoon and to-morrow at Byrd Park, in uniform. There will probably be a match practice game on Saturday with some local amateur team.

The proceeds of the game will be given to the Sheltering Arms, and this will be a most worthy way of contributing to this well meriting charity. The gate receipts should add a substantial amount to the treasury of the institution.

Elaborate arrangements have been made for the entertainment of the visiting municipal team, including, perhaps, a ride down the river in the city tug. The following will act as a reception committee: R. L. Peters, C. P. Davis, Harry Huber, Claude L. Watkins, Robert Whitsett, Jr., J. B. Wood, H. R. Pollard, Jr., John A. Cutchins, Clyde W. Ratcliffe, J. B. Bille, Morgan R. Mills and Mayor D. C. Richardson.

Mrs. Tragle Ill. Mrs. T. E. Tragle is very ill at the Memorial Hospital. She was reported last night to be improving.

PERLIN RETURNS TO OLD SCALE

Quits Association, His Workmen Going Back on Nine-Hour a-Day Scale.

Believing that he cannot keep his work up to the former standard with the workmen brought here from New York since the recent strike of ladies' tailors, D. Perlin, one of the most prominent members of the local association, tendered his resignation yesterday to the Ladies' Tailors' Association of Richmond, and will this morning take on his old employees at the nine-hour scale, which was in vogue in his shop up to the time the strike was declared.

"It was one of the first members of the association," said Mr. Perlin last night. "It was organized, as I understood, for social purposes and for the general betterment of the trade, an agreement being that each tailor should charge the same prices, the women were all working ten hours per day at that time, but mine, who were working nine. "Against my will and advice, the association decided to require ten hours' work of all the men about the same time that workers from other shops came to my men asking their help towards getting a nine-hour day. "At this time a bond was required of every member of the association to stand by the rules and regulations of the organization. The amount of this bond was \$100, and I gave mine with reluctance. "I was assured by other members of the association that the men we would get from New York and other places would be more competent and cheaper, though my experience with strike-breakers has been that they are not so good as the regular men. Six men were brought here and I would not accept any of them. I understand that some of them have left the city. "I don't know how satisfactory the new men have been to the other tailors, but I am going to put on my old men at the old hours. "He was asked if it would be necessary for him to forfeit the bond. "I do not think so, inasmuch as I resigned before taking back the strikers. Anyhow, I had rather pay the money than have things go on as they are now. If they try to make it out of me, I will fight it in court before paying."

Old Commission Found Here Tells of Captain Lester Cady's Death in Battle.

UNEARTHED IN POST-OFFICE

Family, Located in New York, Had Waited Vainly for Some Word from South.

After living for more than forty-six years in ignorance of the time and place of his death, Mrs. Mary Adella (Allen) Cady, of 400 Lake Avenue, Rochester, N. Y., was informed several days ago that her husband, formerly Captain N. Lester Cady, of the Twenty-fourth Independent Battery, State Volunteers, of New York, was shot and killed in a battle before Plymouth, N. C., in 1863. The information was conveyed to Mrs. Cady in a letter from Edgar Allan, Jr., acting postmaster at Richmond, and until recently commander-in-chief of the United Sons of Veterans, U. S. A. Aside from other interesting points connected with the discovery of the captain's commission in the archives in the basement of the present post-office building here, it is interesting to note that it bore on the back the signature of Major-General Joseph Nelson, of the Confederate States army, by whom the paper was sent to Richmond. The present Federal building was used during the War Between the States by officials of the Southern government.

Mr. Allan Locates Widow.

Six months ago, or thereabouts, an order came from Washington that the new edition of the War Between the States and all worthless papers burned. It had been many years since any material had been destroyed, and fortunately one of the cleaners, attracted by the novelty of discovering so unusual a paper, turned it over to Postmaster Cabell. Mr. Cabell kept the commission in his desk, but when he left recently to assume his duties as commissioner of internal revenue, he turned the document over to his successor Mr. Allan, whose father served in the Union army.

On the day he was sworn in Mr. Allan found the letter to George E. Snyder, of Albion, N. Y., division commander of the Sons of Veterans and he in turn asked the assistance of Frederick S. Geuff, of Brockport, N. Y., in locating relatives of the ex-captain. Mr. Geuff located Mrs. Cady, and a correspondence with Mr. Allan resulted in her receiving the original paper. Mrs. Cady emphasized in her first letter the fact that she had lived more than half her life in ignorance of the manner in which her husband met his end.

The commission was issued June 23, 1863, and bore on its face these words: "N. Lester Cady is promoted from lieutenant to captain." The single word, "bravery," was written at the bottom of the order, which was signed by Horatio Seymour, Governor of New York, and John T. Sprague, Adjutant-General. Another inscription on the back was as follows: "Taken from the body of a Yankee captain at the capture of Plymouth, N. C."

Commission Sent Here.

In less than three weeks after he received the document Mr. Allan succeeded in locating the widow. Major-General Nelson, by whom the paper was sent to Richmond, got possession of it on June 5, 1864, at Newbern, N. C. He was then commanding the department of the army in Western Virginia.

"It was determined to use every means possible in locating the relatives," says Mr. Allan. "I realized that the document would prove of great value to some descendant, and I immediately started to work. I had no idea that I would locate the wife, and if I had found a grandchild or a son or daughter, I would have been repaid for my trouble. I am gratified that I should have furnished Mrs. Cady such valuable information. The commission was moth-eaten, and there was just enough left of it to make out the contents."

In her letter to Mr. Allan, after having secured the paper, Mrs. Cady wrote in part as follows: "The letter and original commission issued to my husband received yesterday. I cannot express to you in words my thanks for your thoughtful consideration and interest in the matter, and the trouble you have taken to send me the same. "There are things in life that money cannot buy, and this is one of them. I was left in 1865 a widow with child, and through mismanagement it less than two years from that I was obliged to earn their support."

NEW SEWERS

Street Committee Awards Long Series of Contracts. A brief meeting of the Committee on Streets was held yesterday afternoon, when contracts were awarded for grading the construction of a number of sewers embraced in the system which will reach out Oakwood Avenue toward the cemetery. The committee forwarding to the Board of Aldermen a request to be permitted to advertise for bids on a further series for which plans are now ready. The committee also approved a schedule of awards for damages to adjoining property owners for grading in the East End amounting to about \$17,000, including the work of cutting new steps and entrances to houses left high in the air.

CALL WITNESSES FOR EBY'S TRIAL VENTILATION AND GREAT SKILL BY PLUMBING ARE BAD DRIVERS IN CAMP

Former Mayor of Burkeville to Appear in Philadelphia Court September 20.

United States Marshal Morgan Trent yesterday received subpoenas from Philadelphia for W. J. Strickler, agent of the Norfolk and Western Railway at Burkeville, Va., and Philip A. Myers, who runs as a mail clerk between this city and Charlotte, N. C., asking that they be present in Philadelphia on September 20, when Abraham C. Eby, formerly Mayor of Burkeville, will be tried for threats against the president of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The fact that Virginia witnesses have been summoned dispels any probability that the trial will take place in this city, and it is said that the charge against Eby is much stronger in Philadelphia than here. Deputy Marshal Murphy will leave for Burkeville to-day to serve the notice on Strickler, and Myers will probably be notified when he arrives here to-night.

Post-Office Inspector Calvert, who until recently was connected with the Richmond office, will probably be in chief witness at the trial. It was through Mr. Calvert, with the assistance of Royal E. Cabell, formerly postmaster at Richmond, that Eby was arrested in Philadelphia.

Calvert Is Chief Witness. Mr. Calvert is now inspector in one of the West Virginia districts, but before he left the following statement was made to a representative of The Times-Dispatch:

"I believe Eby will admit his guilt in the presence of a jury. I am convinced that the man is insane. I have no doubt but that he will acknowledge everything, and I think his threat to blow up the railway tracks was the act of a crazy man. I believe the case will end as soon as the prisoner is given a chance to say anything."

Many letters have been received here from Burkeville, and the general trend of them is that his former friends wish to stand by Eby. Nearly every letter states that he has always been a most eccentric man, and one of the writers says the ex-Mayor had often spoken harshly against the railroad. Eby's threat was that he would destroy the company's tracks by dynamite, and would put explosives under ships standing in harbor at Norfolk.

Mr. Calvert seems convinced that the case will not result in a trial by jury; but, he says:

"If the charge should be threshed out, and a verdict rendered accordingly, there is no doubt but that Eby will spend a great part of the years he has to live in a Federal prison."

Qualifications in Chancery. Robert L. Winston qualified yesterday in the Chancery Court as executor of the estate of Virginia S. Winston. The estate is valued at \$7,000.

James W. Jenkins qualified as administrator of the estate of John C. Jenkins. The estate is small.

C. J. Meade qualified as administrator of the estate of Collin R. Meade. The estate is small.

Had Inspection Drill. Company C, of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues, did not drill last night, owing to the inclemency of the weather, and Captain Armistead put his men through inspection instead. There was a fairly large attendance, and the inspection was satisfactory in all respects.

Committee Inspects City Jail and Finds Conditions Far from Satisfactory.

A thorough inspection of the City Jail was made yesterday afternoon by a subcommittee from the Grounds and Buildings Committee, consisting of Councilmen Don Leavy and Alderman Kain, in company with W. S. Gunn, of the jail-officials, Building Inspector Beck, Chief Jones, of the Fire Department, and Chief Health Officer Levy. The committee took no formal action, but asked the heads of the Buildings, Fire and Health Departments to make reports, with suggestions for the improvement of the property.

The plumbing was found to be in bad order, although recently repaired, and showed signs of careless usage. The ventilation was the most serious defect encountered. Although the plan defect called for a system of ventilating fans to draw out foul air, it was reported yesterday afternoon that the fans had been operated only three days, and had then been discontinued, as giving little benefit. Inspector Beck called attention to a recent ruling of the City Attorney to the effect that the City Sergeant, not the City of Richmond, must bear the cost of operating the ventilating fans at the jail, provided that, in the opinion of the physician to the jail, fans are necessary for the proper ventilation of the building.

NEW POLICEMAN VICTIM OF THEFT

Robbed of His Clothes While Awaiting Word of His Election.

While he was waiting Wednesday night to hear the returns from the Police Board, which elected him to fill one of the vacancies caused by the promotion of Bicycleman Wiley to a sergeancy on the detective force and the retirement of Policeman Goodman, the home of L. M. Reid, of 2261 Jefferson Avenue, was entered by burglars, and he was robbed of all the clothing he had, except that which he wore on his back. He reported the case to headquarters yesterday afternoon, and the officers had the laugh on him, for it was a peculiar coincidence that a man should be robbed on the night he was appointed to be one of the 125 men who are to preserve order and ferret out crime. He walked into headquarters with bashful mien and reported his loss, and then backed out with equal grace and bashfulness. He said that the burglar, or burglars, had been kind enough to leave his wife's clothing, but, evidently thinking that he would be appointed to the police force and would not, therefore, require any more citizen clothes, had taken all his own.

The burglary will be investigated by the detectives, and it may be that Wiley will be the one to find the missing clothes of the man who succeeded him as a private.

Howitzers' Battery Gets Fine Practice With Guns and in Handling Horses.

Out at Camp Stuart this week the Howitzers are maintaining their reputation as an artillery company of which the Old Dominion has a right to be proud. The six-horse field gun, and the six-horse howitzer, the driving of six horses over ditches and all the other obstructions, is being carried on in a style that compares with the best work in the artillery corps of the United States army, surpassing all similar work done by other artillery companies in this country.

The tactical movements of the Howitzers are managed on a large field near the camp, through which a ditch five feet wide has been made. Driving in straight lines, in circles, in curves, and sometimes the form of the figure eight, always having to cross the ditch, the cannoneers take the heavy field gun at high speed over the field. The horses jump the ditch in great form, and the drivers are fast becoming experts.

The subject of target practice is another important feature of the daily routine at the camp. The guns are loaded with a cartridge of practically the same calibre as that used in the infantry rifles, 1,000 yards being the range. Now, by practice every day, almost all the Howitzers can hit the bull's eye at 1,400 yards. This sort of shooting is exceptionally useful in war-time.

While work is the main thing on the program, the men have some social life, and are enjoying the recreation in the country. They have received many of their friends out at the camp, as it is very accessible to the railroad.

CHARLES WHITE APPEALS

Given Fine and Six Months in Jail for Selling Liquor Illegally.

Charles White, colored, who has been in the Police Court many times on various charges, and who was recently convicted of operating a gambling house, was fined \$100, sentenced to spend sixty days in jail, and placed under bond of \$500 for twelve months yesterday in the Police Court on a charge of selling liquor without a license. White, apparently appalled by the penalty meted out to him, appealed, and the case will go up to the Hustings Court.

Rosa Turner, colored, was sentenced to four months in jail on a charge of stealing a watch and a quantity of jewelry from Simon Crowell, by whom she had been employed.

The case against Thomas M. Le Baron, who is charged with being a fugitive from justice from New York, N. Y., was continued to September 10. He is charged there with the larceny of jewelry. Officers are expected soon to arrive for him.

Discuss Consolidation. Chairman H. P. Pollard, Jr., yesterday issued a call for a meeting on Monday night of the Committee on Consolidation of Richmond and Manchester. City Engineer Bolling, City Attorney Pollard, Superintendent of the Water Department Davis and Superintendent of the Gas Works Knowles have been invited to submit certain estimates at this meeting having a bearing on the general subject of the union of the cities.